#### ÉTUDES ET RÉALISATIONS ÉLECTRONIQUES / INSTRUMENTATIONS / AUTOMATISME

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# programmable ±10 000 points

# **DIP 404**



*User handbook* Valid for instruments with version 04.xx





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# **1. PRESENTATION**

The series **DIP 404** offers a whole range of high accuracy programmable panel meters. Each instrument is equipped on its front face with a five 14mm high red digits display, whose brightness suits applications in industrial control rooms perfectly.

They allow display, control and transmission of data from alternating voltage, alternating current and of frequencies from alternating signals.

# · DIP 404

Measurement of an alternating voltage, an alternating current and of the frequency of an alternating signal.

• 2 programmable voltage calibers : 150V and 500V Un = 150 VAC and 500 VAC Overstepping 1.2 Un • 2 programmable current calibers : 1A and 5A  $\ln = 1.2A$  and 6AOverstepping 1.2 In Automatic caliber on 0-500V, 0-5A possible Voltage overload permanent : 750 V during 10s : 1000 V Current overload permanent: 10A during 10s : 50A Frequency : 45 Hz to 65 Hz Accuracy rating : 0.2 % voltage / current (at 25°C) Measure cycle 55 ms Display : 3 magnitudes can be programmed for a display accessible simply by pressing 1 key.

# **AVAILABLE OPTIONS** : (specify on order)

Insulated analog output : A

Active or passive current, or voltage output. Programmable scale ratio with enlarging effect.

Relay output : R or R4

2 or 4 relays : Setpoint relays : mode setpoint or mode window.

Latching function. Time delay and hysteresis adjustable on each setpoint. Alarm messages

Insulated digital output : N RS 485 2 wire, protocole MODBUS-JBUS.

**LOGIC input** 2 insulated LOGIC inputs with programmable functions Display hold, Min. and max. zero reset

**Bargraph** : (16 led display) : B Allows a quick evaluation of the measured value variations. Programmable scale factor Possibility to programme 3 bargraphs (1 for each displayed parameter)

#### **General features**

- Input impedance  $\geq$  1  $M\Omega$  for the voltage inputs
- < 0.2 VA for the current input
- Common mode rejection rate : 130 dB Serial mode rejection rate : 70 dB 50/60 Hz
- Thermic drift < 200 ppm/°C</li>
- Insulation : Input / Power supply : 2.5 kV eff. 50Hz-1min Input / Output : 2.5 kV eff. 50Hz-1min
- **Power supply** : (specify on order)

2 Versions : High Voltage or Low Voltage	
High Voltage : 90270 VAc and 88350 VDC	50/60/400 Hz
Low Voltage : 2053 VAc and 2075 VDc	50/60/400 Hz

• Power draw : 5 W max. 8 VA max.

• **Complies** with standards EN 50081-2 on emissions and EN 50082-2; on immunity (in industrial environment) EN 61000-4-2 level 3, EN 61000-4-3 level 3, EN 61000-4-4 level 4, EN 61000-4-6 level 3. CE marking according to Directive EMC 89-336

• Environment : Operating temperature : -5° to 55°C Storage temperature : -30° to 80 °C Relative dampness : 80% annual average.

# 2. SPACE REQUIREMENTS





Protection : Front face : IP 65 Case : IP20 Terminals : IP 20

<u>Case</u> : Self-extinguishing casing of black UL 94 V0 ABS. <u>**Connectors**</u> plug-off connectors on rear face for screwed connections (2.5mm<sup>2</sup>, flexible or rigid)

**Display** : ±10 000 points (14 mm) Electroluminescent red (green optional) 4 alarm leds

-2 000 / +10 000 points (20 mm) (consult)

# 3. WIRING

#### Wiring recommendations

The input network may carry significant disturbances, and they may disturb the complete chain. In order to avoid

- this, the disturbance immunity can be made significantly better by respecting following rules :
- do not connect close to each other : the input network and the DIP 404 power supply wires,
- do not connect close to each other : the input network and all the DIP 404 output wires,
- use for all DIP 404 outputs shielded cables connected to the ground on both extremities.





Location of terminals (view of case rear side)





# 4. PROGRAMMING

#### 4.1 Communication with the instrument Several functions can be accessed from measure : Stick the Functions Alarms Indication display 1 unit labels Led 1 Measure dis-0 $\hat{\mathbf{O}}$ on the leds Led 2 -0 0 play -0 0-Indication display 2 Led 3 Ο $\cap$ Indication display 3 Led 4 $(\mathbf{\nabla})$ $(\Delta)$ $(\mathbf{J})$ (M)Access to Display of the max. Display of the min. min. and main menu value (p15), or pass value (p15), or pass max. zero n5 on to next displayed on to next dislayed reset p15 parameter (long parameter (long pressing > 3s) pressing> 3s) Further functions can be reached by pressing several keys simultaneously : $(\Delta)$ Automatic voltage cut-off setting; (see p16) (**4**) Automatic current cut-off setting; (see p16) $\nabla$ Visualisation of the measure unit; (see p16) М Visualisation and setting of the alarm setpoints; (see p16) M Modification of the display resolution; (see p16) **(** Recording of the current display as the display which (**L**) will appear on setting on tension. **Reading convention :** Move through the main menu Revert to previous menu Blinking display : awaiting validation or setting Alternate information display Entering of a parameter : first start by increasing or decreasing (A) the 1st digit and the sign : from -9 to +9. <u>6</u>888 6588 The 2nd from 0 to 9. Between each entering, validate 6528 The 3rd from 0 to 9. the cipher with key **( ح )** 652**0** The 4th from 0 to 9.



# 4.4 Programming menu (according to options)

$\bigotimes$	InPut	Access to the programming of the network type, CT and VT ratios	p6
$(\Delta)$	dISPL.	Access to the programming of the 3 displays, the voltage and current cut-off, filtering	р7
	OUt.MA OUt	U Access to the analog output programming <i>(option analog output)</i>	р7
	JbuS	Access to the communication parameters (option digital output)	p8
	tor	Access to the programming of the LOGIC inputs (option LOGIC inputs)	p8
	rELAY	Access to the relay programming (2 or 4 relays) (option relay outputs)	p8
	SECU	Access to the programming of the relay outputs in case of error self-diagnosis	p9
	Pr.diS	Access to the display programming : Leds, Bargraph, Display brightness	р9
	SAvE	Access to the programming exit menu with or without recording the configuration	p10
	Note :		

<u>Note</u> :

 $\overline{\mathbb{V}}$ 

 $\check{\bigtriangleup}$ 

SAvE  $\rightarrow$  Press key W to revert to menu

 $\Rightarrow$  In mode programming, the instrument will automatically revert to measure with the former configuration if no key is pressed during 1min.

Move through menus / choice

Menu exit /access







 $(\mathbb{M})$ 

Upwards move /

increase





#### Choice of the parameter dedicated to the relay output

#### Alarm output

idem analog output, see chapter 4.4.3.

#### 4.4.7 Programming of the safety mode



See also the safety features p12

#### 4.4.8 <u>Programming of the brightness,</u> of the bargraph and the displays



#### See also the display features p13

#### **4.4.9** Programming exit with or without saving





Note : Exit of programming mode saving configuration (SAVE, YES) will automatically reset to zero the tare, the min. and max. as well as the alarm recordings.

CAL

# 4.5 Input features and programming limits

4.5.1 Manual or automatic caliber

automatic caliber

Auto MAnu

manual caliber

#### **4.5.2 Choice of the current caliber** CALI

or 1A Current input features

only in manual ۶A

Caliber	Display resolution	Input level resolution	Accuracy
0 to 1 A In=1.2A	± 1 digit	10 bits	0.2% of measure range
0 to 5 A In=6A	± 1 digit	10 bits	0.2% of measure range

# **4.5.3 Choice of the voltage caliber** CALU

150

only in manual 500

## or Voltage input features

Caliber	Display resolution	Input level resolution	Accuracy
0 to 150 V	± 1 digit	10 bits	0.2% of measure range
0 to 500 V	± 1 digit	10 bits	0.2% of measure range

# 4.5.4 Choice of the CT ratio or the current scale factor

Example : say an installation with a 5000 kA / 5 A CT, or a display of 5000 for 5A



# 4.5.5 Choice of the VT ratio or the voltage scale factor

Example : say an installation with a 400 kV / 110 V VT

Pri.tP 400.0	and 10 3	display 1 cipher after the decimal point
SEc.tP 110.0		=> 400.0 for 110V

Note concerning the entering of the Pri.tc and Pri.tP :

The instrument will always try to display with a maximum resolution.

eq. : for Pri.tP = 400.0, the display will be 400.0

for Pri.tP = 0400, the instrument will save the value Pri.tP = 400.0and in measure the display will be the same 4000

likewise for Pri.tc = 0010, the instrument will save Pri.tc = 10.00 and in measure the display will be 10.00

The decimal point location is fixed once and for all on the configuration saving (taking into account the possible display with the maximum resolution). It can in no case be modified in measure, that is to say after a display of 99.99 there will be after an input signal increase 01with moving of the decimal point (display overload) and 1000

to the right.

NOTE : by pressing  $(\Lambda)$  and  $( \leftarrow I )$  the display resolution can be modified if you do not want the maximum resolution (see p16).

## 4.5.6 Programming of the LOGIC inputs (optional)

Board of 2 LOGIC inputs : input signal 24 Vdc

Possible functions :



Display hold in case of activation of the LOGIC function. The display and the analog output remain fix in case of variation of the measure. The relays carry on reacting to the measure.

|--|

min. and max. zero reset The activation of function LOGIC will reset the min. and max. to zero

# 4.6 Output features and programming limits

#### 4.6.1 <u>Analog output</u>



Current output 0/4-20mA active or passive (Vmax.=30V  $_{DC}$ ) or voltage output 0-10V

- Accuracy 0.1 % in relation to the chosen parameter (at +25°C)
- $\bullet$  Residual ripple  $\leq 0.2\%$
- Admissible load  $0\Omega \leq Lr$

 $Lr \le 500\Omega$  (current)  $Lr \ge 2 k\Omega$  (voltage)

- Programmable scale ratio with enlarging effect
- Response time : 40 ms



Choice of the parameter dedicated to the output (see chapter 4.4.3)



Analog output down scale



Analog output full scale



Value of the parameter dedicated to the output corresponding to the output down scale



Value of the parameter dedicated to the output corresponding to the output full scale

In mode measure, the analog output can not overstepp 10% of the greatest of the 2 values : d.out and F.out

# 4.6.2Digital output :

- Data link RS485 (2 wire)
- Protocoles **морвиз-јвиз** format of data : integer and double integer
- Single transmission format

1 start bit 8 bits without parity 1 stop bit



Slave number included between 1 and 255

Transmission speed included between 1200 and 19200 bauds

Delay before any response

Table of modbus addresses, used functions, see annexe p19

# 4.6.3 Relay outputs :

2 relay outputs r					
or 4 relay ouputs	rEL.1	l rEl	2 rEL	3 rEL.4	

- Hysteresis independently programmable in the chosen parameter unit
- Time delay independently programmable from 0 to 25 s in 0.1s increases.
- NO-NC contact 8 A 250 V on resistive load

Activation or de-activation of relay x





The state of relay x depends on the performed programming

Relay x remains still

#### Mode alarm

Choice of the operating mode :

or

or

# Mode setpoint

ON OFF setpoint

ON OFF setpoint

ModE.x

Legend : ON coil supplied OFF coil not supplied

# Mode window





#### Choice of the state of the relay associated led l Edx

The led indicates the alarm state.

led lit when relay active (coil supplied) On

Led still when relay active (coil supplied) OFF



Setting of the hysteresis in the unit of the chosen parameter The hysteresis is active on switching from led lit to led still; i.e. on switching out of alarm, as the led represents the alarm state.





# • Alarm time delay | tiME.x

The relay time delay is adjustable from 000.0 to 025.0s. in 0.1s increases. It is active both on switching and switching back.

# • Time delay position | t.Act.X

SIMPI Time delay on switching on alarm

doubl Time delay on switching on alarm and off alarm

# • Latching function | MEM.x

Allows recording of the alarm after a setpoint has been passed. When the measure reverts below the alarm setpoint, the relay remains ON and the led blinks to warn the user that a setpoint has been passed (to reset the recording of alarms to zero see menu (I FAr | p 15).

Note : An exit from mode programming with configuration saving will reset the alarm recordings to zero.

# • Display of alarm messages MFSSx

A programmed alarm message can be made to appear alternating with the measure. The message will appear only during the alarm, while the associated led is lit.

• Setting of the setpoints : There are 2 ways to adjust setpoints.

- either in mode programming entering the correct access code (see p16)

- or by simultaneous pressing on 0 and 2 if the access to a quick entering has been authorized on the code programming

#### 4.6.4 Safeties : diAG

# Self-diagnosis :

The self-diagnosis serves to warn the user in case of error.

The self-diagnosis error information can be reported :

· On the display : An error message appears alternating with the measure ; an error code is registered, and can be read in menu About (see p14)

Codina :

- : Current caliber overstepping
- 2 : Voltage caliber overstepping
- 4 : Frequency calculation error
- : Programming error 8
- : Input calibration error 16
- : Output calibration error 32

If the instrument detects for instance a current and a voltage caliber p12 overstepping the error code value will be 3 (1+2).



On the relays :

No influence of a self-diagnosis error on the relay

Relay de-activated (coil not supplied) in case of self-diagnosis error



OFF

LO

Relay active (coil supplied) in case of self-diagnosis error

Note : The led is either still or lit according to its programming in the *menu* rFLAY.

On the analog output

If a return value has been entered

or

Value included between :

0 and 22 mA (current output) 0 and 11 V (voltage output)

# 4.6.5 Display features :



Choice of the parameter dedicated to the display n°1 Choice of the parameter dedicated to the display n°2

Choice of the parameter dedicated to the display n°3

Cut-off on the current programmable from 1.0% to 15.0% in manual caliber, from 0.2% to 15.0% of caliber 5A in auto caliber

Cut.U

1111

Cut-off on the voltage programmable from 1.0% to 20.0% in manual caliber. from 0.3% to 20.0% of caliber

500V in auto caliber FiLt.

Choice of the digital filtering : OFF, 1, 2; increase the value in case of unsteady measures.

# Response time :

Typical response time : 110ms.

Note : For the analog output response time, add 40 ms to the above value.

For the relays : add the time delay programmed on the alarms.

# • Setting of the digits brightness br.diG

1111 Lowest brightness 4444

Lowest brightness

• Setting of the brightness of the bargraph and leds brbAr

Strongest brightness 4444

Stronaest brightness

The brightness level is visualised directly on leds 5 to 8 and on the bargraph.

**Caution** : during the setting, the 4 leds and the bargraph no longer represent the measure, including in mode reading.

 Inhibition of the last digit (low weight) L.dlG

In the programming mode, the menu L.dIG allows deleting the display of the last digit, enforcing it to 0 if OFF is validated.

- nuLL Deleting of unsignificant zeros
- Suppresses the unsignificant zeros on the left hand YES nuLL = side

Eg. : Display value 0015

- Display 0015 nuLL = no
  - Display 15 YES =

Eq.: Display value 00.15

=

Display 00.15 null = no

Display 0.15 YFS

• Bargraph display factor (option bargraph only)

Value of the display parameter X corresponding to 0% of the d.bArX bargraph

Value of the display parameter X corresponding to 100% of the F.bArX\_argraph

In case of overstepping, the bargraph starts to blink.

# **4.7 Reading of the configuration** | rEAd

	ation / al move
♥ InPut	Reading of the input parameters
lispl	Reading of the measure display parameters
Out.MA or Out.U	Reading of the analog output parameters (option analog output)
JbuS	Reading of the communication parameters (option digital output)
tor	Reading of the LOGIC input parameters (option TOR)
rELAY	Reading of the alarm parameters (option 2 or 4 relays)
SECU	Reading of the safety parameters in case of self-diagnosis error
Pr.diS	Reading of the display programming para- meters (leds, bargraph leds)
About	- Reading of the instrument own parameters
In each reading submer to visualise parameters.	iu, press $\bigtriangledown$ and $$ to move, and $$

If no key is pressed during 20s, the instrument will automatically revert to measure display.

#### Sub-menu



# 4.8 Access code

An access code adjustable from 0000 to 9999 serves to prevent unauthorized programming of the meter and of its setpoints, and to lock the access to some functions.

0000	Factory code
x x x x 0 to 6 to	6
0 to 5 6 to 9	
♥ 0 to 5 6 to 9	Access to a quick entering of alarm setpoints No access

# 4.9 Programming of a new access code



**Reminder :** If no key is pressed during 1 min, the instrument will automatically revert to measure display.

# 4.10 Functions accessible in the main menu

# 4.10.1 Display simulation

(accessible according to the programmed access code, and if option relays or analog output)



Note : During simulation, the instrument no longer measures, the analog and the relay outputs react according to entered display value. If alarm messages have been programmed, they can appear p14 during simulation.

#### 4.10.2 Simulation of the analog output

(accessible according to programmed access code and if option analog output)



<u>Note</u> : The instrument carries on measuring during simulation. Only the analog output no longer reacts to the measure.

# 4.10.3 Menu CLEAr : Deleting of recorded alarms

If the function recording of alarms has been programmed : The relay state is recorded after a setpoint has been passed.

If the setpoint is passed back the other way, the relay state does not change and the corresponding led starts to blink.

To come back to the normal state (led not blinking and relay in the correct state) use menu CLEAr).



**<u>Reminder</u>** : If no key is pressed during 20 s., the instrument will automatically revert to measure display.

<u>*Note*</u> : An exit from mode programming with configuration saving will reset the alarm recordings to zero.

# **5. FUNCTIONS DIRECT FROM DISPLAY**

# 5.1 Functions which require pressing only 1 key :





c / <u>Display switching</u> (3 possible parameters)

A long pressing (>3 s) on  $\bigcirc$  or  $\bigcirc$  allows passing on to next or previous parameter (a led indicates which parameter is selected).

#### d / Deleting of maximum and minimum values

1 min. and 1 max. available for each displayed parameter



deleting of recorded min. and max., and revert to measure display

D The instrument reverts to measure display.

**<u>Reminder</u>** : If no key is pressed during 20 s., the instrument will revert to measure display.

**Note** : An exit from mode programming with configuration saving will reset the min. and max. values to zero.



# 5.2 Functions which require pressing several keys :

## 5.2.1 Automatic setting of the cut offs

(accessible according to programmed access code)

 $(\Delta)$ 

automatic voltage cut off setting

- automatic current cut off setting

voltage cut off setting

current cut off setting

The automatic voltage or current cut off setting is an operation that will enforce the voltage or current to 0 for U (I) low values. Once the menu is chosen, the instrument will measure the values on its inputs and enforce display to 0 for values lower than the programmed cut-off in percentage of the full scale. To eliminate these cut-offs, just go into programming and programme a new cut-off value (current from 1.0% to 15% in manual caliber, from 0.2% to 15% of caliber 5A in auto caliber, voltage from 1.0% to 20% in manual caliber, from 0.3% to 20% of caliber 500V in auto caliber).

# 5.2.2 Visualisation of the measure unit

Press  $\bigtriangledown$  and to obtain during 3s the display of the unit alternating with the measure.

# 5.2.3 Visualisation and setting of the alarm setpoints

#### **Option 2 or 4 relays**

Setting of the setpoints : There are 2 ways to adjust setpoints :

- either in mode programming entering the correct safety access code (see p14)

- or by simultaneous pressing on  $(\Delta)$  and (M)

The meter then shows the message SP.x or SPx.x alternating with the value of the corresponding setpoint and its unit.

The various setpoint values can be accessed by igvee V and igvee b .

These setpoints can then be modified (if access code < 6000 (see p14)) by pressing (-1).

When the setpoint is adjusted press ( to revert to the setpoints reading menu.

Once all setpoints are adjusted, just press ()) and the meter will revert to mode measure, taking the new values into account. If no key is pressed after 60 s. the meter will revert to measure display without modification of the setpoints value.

# 5.2.4 Modification of the display resolution

Press (A) and (I) allows changing the display resolution of the selected parameter if you do not want the maximum resolution.

eg. : display with max. resolution : 147.0 you can have 0147

successively  $(\Delta)$  and  $(\mathbf{z})$ 

147.0 you can have 0147 5.000 you can have by pressing 05.00 or 005.0 or 0005

# 6. ERROR MESSAGES

Err.1 Value set out of range

0.L Displayable value overstepping

Er.xxx | Self-diagnosis error (see p12)

# 7. GENERAL WARRANTY TERMS

# WARRANTY applying and duration

This appliance is under warranty for a duration of 1 year against any design or manufacturing defects, under normal operating conditions.

**Intervention terms** \* : The processing out of warranty will be submitted to acceptance of a repair estimate. The products will be returned at the customer's charge to the company and they will be restored after processing. Without a written agreement on the repair estimate within 30 days, products will not be held.

\* Details and complete warranty terms available on request.

# 8. LEXIQUE

#### **General access**

rEAd
ProG
CodE
P.CodE
Simul
GEnE
CLEAr

Access to the reading of the parameters

Access to the programming of the input and output parameters Access code

Programming of a new access code

Access to the display simulation

Access to the analog output simulation

Deleting of recorded alarms

# Inputs

InPut	Α [	ccess to	o the input programming sub-menu			
CA	۱L	Manual or automatic caliber				
		MAnu	manual caliber			
		Auto	automatic caliber			
CA	LI	Curren	t caliber			
		1A	caliber 1A			
		5A	caliber 5A			
CA	LU	Voltage	e caliber			
		150	caliber 150V			
		500	caliber 500V			
SiG	nA.	Туре о	f signal			
		Sin	Sinusoidal signal			
		dEFOr.	Deformed signal			
Pri	.tc	CT pri	mary value			
	c.tc	CT sec	condary value			
Pri	.tP	VT pri	mary value			
SEC	c.tP	VT see	condary value			

# **LOGIC** inputs

tor Access to the LOGIC inputs programming sub-menu

tor 1 programming of LOGIC input 1

tor2 programming of LOGIC input 2

HoLd function display hold

CLr.M function deleting of min. and max.

# Display

diSP	L. A	ccess t	o the display programming sub-menu
	diSP.1	choic	e of the 1st parameter to be displayed
	diSP.2	choic	e of the 2nd parameter to be displayed
	diSP.3	choic	e of the 3rd parameter to be displayed
	U	parar	neter voltage (see chapter 4.4.2)
	Cut.I	curre	nt cut-off
	Cut.U	volta	ge cut-off
	FiLt.	digita	l filtering
		OFF	no filtering
		1	filtering 1
		2	filtering 2
Disp	olay p	baram	eters



d.bAr1
d.bAr2
d.bAr3
F.bAr1
F.bAr2
F.bAr3

display of parameter 1 corresponding to 0% of bargraph display of parameter 2 corresponding to 0% of bargraph display of parameter 3 corresponding to 0% of bargraph display of parameter 1 corresponding to 100% of bargraph display of parameter 2 corresponding to 100% of bargraph display of parameter 3 corresponding to 100% of bargraph

# **Analog output**

Out.U	
Out.MA	

Access to the voltage output programming sub-menu Access to the current output programming sub-menu PArAM Choice of the parameter dedicated to the analog output d.out Analog output down scale Fout Analog output full scale PAr.dS Value of the parameter dedicated to the output corresponding output down scale PAr.FS Value of the parameter dedicated to the output corresponding output full scale

# to

to

**Digital output** 

Access to the RS output programming sub-menu JbuS Slave number SLAvE Transmission speed bAud 1200 Minimum speed 19200 Maximum speed dELAY Time delay before any answer Time delay 20ms Time delay 75ms OFF On Relay outputs : x : 1 to 4 Access to the relay outputs programming sub-menu rELAY

 rEL.x
 Access to the programming of relay x

 Acti.x
 Activation of relay output x

0FF De-activation

On Activation

Mode	alarm M <sub>odE.x</sub>
	1 <sup></sup> -1 Mode setpoints
	SPX Value of the setpoint in mode setpoint
	SP <sub>X.1</sub> Value of the 1st setpoint in mode window
	SP <sub>X.2</sub> Value of the 2nd setpoint in mode window
HYSt.x	Value of the hysteresis in display points
tiME.x	Time delay on relay X
t.Act.X	
	SIMPL Time delay on switching on alarm
	doubL Time delay on switching on alarm and off alarm
LEdx	Programming of the led associated with the relay
	On Led lit when relay active (coil supplied)
	OFF Led still when relay active (coil supplied)
MEM.x	Recording of alarm X
	YES Recording No recording
MESSx	Alarm message
	YES Message No message
Safetie	2S
SECU	Access to the safeties programming submenu
	rEL.X State of relay X in case of sensor rupture
	OFF No sensor rupture associated with the relay
	L0 Relay de-activated in case of sensor rupture (coil not supplied)
	HI Relay active in case of sensor rupture (coil supplied)
[	out.U out.MA Return value on the output (or not) in case of error self-diagnosis

Return value required

Return value

YES

rFPIi

no No return value

## **Configuration saving**

SAVE Configuration saving



#### **Reading of the instrument internal features**

About	Acces	Access to the internal features reading submenu			
	d404	Instrument type : DIP404,			
	n <sup>0</sup>	A0006 Identification numbers			
	PrOG	Programme version			
	01.00	Programme version number			
	OPtIO.	Option code			
	Ar	Option code value			
	Err.	Self diagnosis error			
	0000	Type of error			
	CH.SuM	Check sum display			
	FC4E	Check sum value			

# **Further functions**

	In F.
	SuP.
Γ	

Minimum value display

Maximum value display

CLr.M Deleting of the min. and max.

# **Error messages**

	Err.1
[	01
l	

Er.xxx

Value set out of range Displayable value overstepping Self-diagnosis error

# 9. ANNEXE : MODBUS

#### 9.1 Table of the measure Modbus addresses

Address	Measures	Format	nb of words
1	voltage U	integer	1
2	current I	integer	1
3	network frequency	integer	1

The value read in the 1st table gives the measure module.

To know the unit and decimal point of this measure, read them in the 2nd table, the table of units and decimal points.

The unit and the decimal point do not vary. They depend on the programmed CT and VT ratios. Hence, the 2nd table does not need to be read permanently.

#### 9.2 Table of the measure units and decimal points

Address	Decimal points and units of the measures	Format
17	dec. point (top weight) / unit (low weight) voltage U	integer
18	dec. point (top weight) / unit (low weight) current l	
19	dec. point (top weight) / unit (low weight) network frequency	integer

unit : 0 to 4 0:x1 1 : kilo 2 : mega 3 : giga 4 : tera decimal point : 1 to 4 1:x.xxx 2 : xx.xx 3 : xxx.x 4 : xxxx.<u>example</u> : line current : value 5000 decimal point : 1 unit : 1  $\rightarrow$  value of the current : 5.000 kA

#### **Further addresses**

Address	Value of the analog output	:	Format	nb of words
	in μA (mA output) in mV (10V output)		double integer	2
52	maximum display 1	÷	double integer	2
54	maximum display 2	÷	double integer	2
56	maximum display 3	÷	double integer	2
58	minimum display 1	÷	double integer	2
60	minimum display 2	÷	double integer	2
62	minimum display 3		double integer	2
64	state of relay 1	÷	integer	: 1
65	state of relay 2	:	integer	1
66	state of relay 3	÷	integer	1
67	state of relay 4	:	integer	1

#### • State of the relays :



#### 9.3 Description of born Modbus functions :

Reading of N words : Function n°3

#### Request pattern :

Slave number	Function 3 or 4	1st word MSB	address LSB	Nbr of MSB	words LSB	CRC 16
1 byte	1 byte ◄	🔶 2 b	ytes 🗕 🔸	► 2 b	ytes —	2 bytes
Response pattern :						

Slave number	Function 3 or 4	Number of bytes read	1st word MSB	value LSB	2nd word MSB	value LSB	CRC 16
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	<u> 2 b</u>	ytes —	← 2 b	ytes —→	2 bytes

#### Writing of n words : Function N°16 :

Request pattern :

Slave number	Function 16	1st word address	Nbr of words to be enfor.	Nbr of bytes to be enfor.	Value of the words to be enforced	CRC 16
1 byte					← n bytes →	

#### <u>Response pattern</u> :

Slave number	Function 16	1st word address	Nbr of words to be enfor.	CRC 16
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	2 bytes

#### 9.4 Reading in double integer format :

Example : Reading of the maximum on display 1 (voltage maximum) <u>Request</u> :

254	03	0	52	0	2	CRC 16
Slave Reading of number n words		Add	ress	Number	of words	

#### • <u>Response with a positive measure</u> :

		← measure →					
254	3	4	19	136	0	0	CRC 16
			byte 1	byte 2	byte 3	byte 4	2 bytes

#### Value of the measure :

byte 3	byte 4	byte 1	byte 2		
00000000	00000000	00010011	10001000		
↑ o	0	19	136		
<b>Sign</b> : 0 pc 1 nc	ositive egative				
Measure =	= byte 3 x 2	256 <sup>3</sup> + by	yte 4 x 256 <sup>2</sup>	+ byte 1 x 256	+ byte 2
=	• 0 x 256 <sup>3</sup>	+ 0	x 256 <sup>2</sup>	+ 19 x 256	+ 136
	= 5000 f address 1 = 500.0V	7 =>	decimal poi	nt = 3 unit = 0	=>

#### 9.5 CRC16 calculation algorythm :



**Note 1** :  $\oplus$  = exclusive or.

**Note 2** : POLY = A001 (hex).

#### Note 3 :

The CRC 16 calculation applies to all bytes in the pattern (except CRC16).

#### Note 4 :

Caution ! In the CRC 16, the 1st sent byte is the LSB.

*Example* : Pattern 1-3-0-75-0-2 CRC16 = 180-29 (values are decimal).